

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Hosherizum Ward,
Hong Local Government

2021-2026





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CONTENTS

Our Vision	5
Message from the Councillor	6
Message from the District Head	6
About this plan	8
Executive Summary: Key findings and Recommendations	9
This is our Ward	11
This is our Development: Problems and Causes, Solutions and Activities	16
This is how we monitor	38
Acknowledgement	40
Appendix	41

LIST OF ACRONYMS

ADSUBEB	Adamawa State Universal Basic Education Board
ASMH	Adamawa State Ministry of Health
ASMRE	Adamawa State Ministry of Rural Electrification
ASMWR	Adamawa State Ministry of Water and Resources
BOA	Bank of Agriculture
BPC	Bureau for Public Complaint
CDP	Community Development Planning
CSO	Civil Society Organisations
ED	Executive Director
EFCC	Economic and Financial Crime Commission
ERC	Educational Resource Centre
GDSS	Government Day Secondary School
HSMB	Health Services Management Board
IOM	International Organisation for Migration
LGA	Local Government Area
NANGO	National Association of Non-Governmental Organisations
NCCE	National Commission of Colleges of Education
NDE	National Directorate of Employment
NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
NUC	National University Commission
NURTW	National Union of Road Transport Workers
NUT	Nigeria Union of Teachers
PHCDA	Primary Health Care Development Agency
PHCN	Power Holding Company of Nigeria
PPSMB	Post Primary Schools Management Board
PTA	Parents Teachers Association
RAMP	Rural Access and Mobility Project
RWESA	Rural Water Supply and Environmental Sanitation Agency
SBMC	School Board Management Committee
VDC	Village Development Committee
WASH	Water Sanitation and hygiene
WDC	Ward Development Committee
WPSC	Ward Project Supervisory Committee
ZSF	Zireenza Support Foundation

OUR VISION

Our common vision for Hoshierizum ward is to have electricity power supply all over communities across the ward in the nearest future. We also envision having a modern market and a good road network where transportation problems will be much less. In the nearest future, we would like to have a specialist hospital and a tertiary institution of any kind in Hoshierizum ward. We also envisioned that our ward will have potable drinking water all over homes in the whole of Hoshierizum ward. We also hope to have science and technical schools where our community members will learn skills and be self-employed. It is our vision that Hoshierizum primary and secondary schools be upgraded to international standard with qualified teachers and adequate teaching aids and equipment.



MESSAGE FROM THE COUNCILLOR

My name is Honourable Maxwell Yusuf, a Councillor representing Hoshierizum ward and I am very happy to be part of this historic event. What makes this programme special is that all of the communities in our ward are evenly represented in the CDP session, including the traditional and religious leaders, youths, the aged and all categories of people and this makes this programme a unique one. Even before the CDP session, we have been faced with various challenges that have affected the development of our ward. As you can see, the CDP session has given us the opportunity to identify these challenges, solutions and set of activities to overcome the challenges.

We, as members of this ward, have learned more through this programme on how to participate, voice our opinions and dialogue on issues affecting our ward. It has also strengthened the relationship among us. This is indeed, a positive change in our ward. It is my honest prayer that this plan will result in the development of our ward.

Lastly, I want to use this opportunity to say a big thank you to the participants that left their daily businesses to attend this 4-day CDP session. In the same vein, on behalf of my ward, I would like to appreciate ZSF and GIZ team for their professionalism and effort in making this programme successful. Once again, I say thank you.

MESSAGE FROM THE DISTRICT HEAD

My name is Alh. Shaibu Manawanda, I am the district head of Bangshika and Hoshierizum wards. I have been on the throne for over 20 years and married to 4 wives with 38 children and I have never had any formal education. For the whole period of my rule, this is the first time my people have come together from all the communities in our ward to discuss our challenges and I am honoured to be a part of it. This CDP session had an equal representation of all the communities in the ward including; the traditional and religious leaders, youths, the aged, women and other categories of people from the communities. The CDP session has given us the opportunity to identify our challenges and enabled us to proffer solutions and develop strategies to overcome the challenges identified.

In the end, this Community Development Plan will serve as a guiding document for Hoshierizum ward towards improving service delivery and building a better future for my people. The plan, if implemented will make the people of Hoshierizum ward self-reliant, and this is my honest prayer. Hoshierizum ward will never be the same if most of the challenges affecting the development are addressed. We are pleased to know that the challenges in this plan align with our existing priorities which are Agriculture, Food Security, Education and Security. We are soliciting any contributions, support and opportunities from the government and donor agencies who can contribute to the development of my ward since the plan has laid a solid foundation or a road map toward the development of the ward.

The preparation of this Plan would not have been possible without the valuable contributions received from the good people of this ward who participated in this CDP session. I want to sincerely acknowledge the various skills shown by the facilitators during the CDP session, and the energy invested by ZSF and GIZ Governance team component in the realisation of this Community Development Plan.

Thank you.



ABOUT THIS PLAN

Hong LGA is one of the 7 Local Government Areas of Adamawa State that suffered the Boko/Haram menace in 2014. Apart from the destruction of physical infrastructures such as schools, water points and health centres in the local government, people were killed and displaced and many fled to safety. The physical and psychological trauma of the Boko Haram menace required concerted efforts for the victims' full recovery.

Against this background, the local government and the traditional leaders of Hong LGA have put the reconstruction and long-term development needs of the local population as their priority. With the support of the GIZ programme "Support to Strengthening Resilience in North-East Nigeria" (funded by the European Union and the German Federal Ministry of Economic Cooperation and Development). They have started the Community Development Planning (CDP) process, which aims at bringing together various community actors, vulnerable groups, women and men of different ages and socio-economic backgrounds at ward level to plan for the development of their communities through a participatory bottom-up planning process.

The CDP process has provided the opportunity for the community stakeholders to come together under one umbrella to discuss and analyse their livelihoods, including problems, causes, strategies and potentials that could help in solving them. It is a capacity building process where members of a community are active participants in their problem identification, analysis of developmental issues affecting them and brainstorming on solutions to solve the problems while putting the peculiarity of their communities in the centre of all the efforts.

While stakeholder sensitisation, ward analysis and community mobilisation played a crucial role in the CDP process, the Community Development Planning session itself was the heart of the process. This 4-day session is akin to the village/town meetings where members of the community come together to discuss issues that affect their development and plan activities to overcome those development gaps. The major objectives of the CDP session are:

- To provide an opportunity for different socio-economic groups to discuss and analyse their livelihoods, including problems, causes, strategies and

potentials within the community that could help them solve these problems

- To build people's capacity to participate more actively in development issues affecting them as individuals and their community as a whole
- To create a platform where the people can discuss with their political and traditional leaders
- To identify and prioritise the needs of the community

Participants of the CDP session were carefully selected cutting across all demographics and socio-economic groups within the ward including vulnerable groups such as IDP, persons living with disability and orphaned children.

The CDP process in Hong LGA was facilitated by the Governance Component of GIZ's Resilience Programme and their Civil Society Organisation (CSO) partners: Zireenza Support Foundation (ZSF), Environmental Care Foundation (ECF), Goggoji Zummuchi Development Initiative (GZDI), Budgeting and Planning Departments of the Hong LGA, Adamawa State Planning Commission and Ministry of Local Government Affairs. The CDP processes were supported and guided by the local government and traditional leadership

The tangible results of the Hoshierizum CDP process and especially the CDP session is this Ward Development Plan. Representatives of Hoshierizum ward validated the Community Development Plan (CDP) and its content.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: KEY FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Community Development Planning (CDP) session for Hoshierizum Ward was held on the 1st to 4th of June 2021 at GDSS Kwakwa'ah with two streams (A&B) with a maximum number of 50 participants per stream running simultaneously due to Covid-19 guidelines. The CDP session lasted for four days and had in attendance different categories of people drawn from all the communities in the ward; traditional, religious, and political leaders, men and women from different age groups, artisans, Persons Living with Disabilities (PLWD), Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), heads of households, and economic actors came together to plan for the development of the ward.

Hoshierizum ward is one of the 12 wards of Hong LGA with predominantly Kilba ethnic group which constitute the majority of the population, other tribes such Hausa, Fulani, Higgi and Marghi are the minority in the ward. Majority of the people are farmers while a substantial number of them engaged in various kinds of trade.

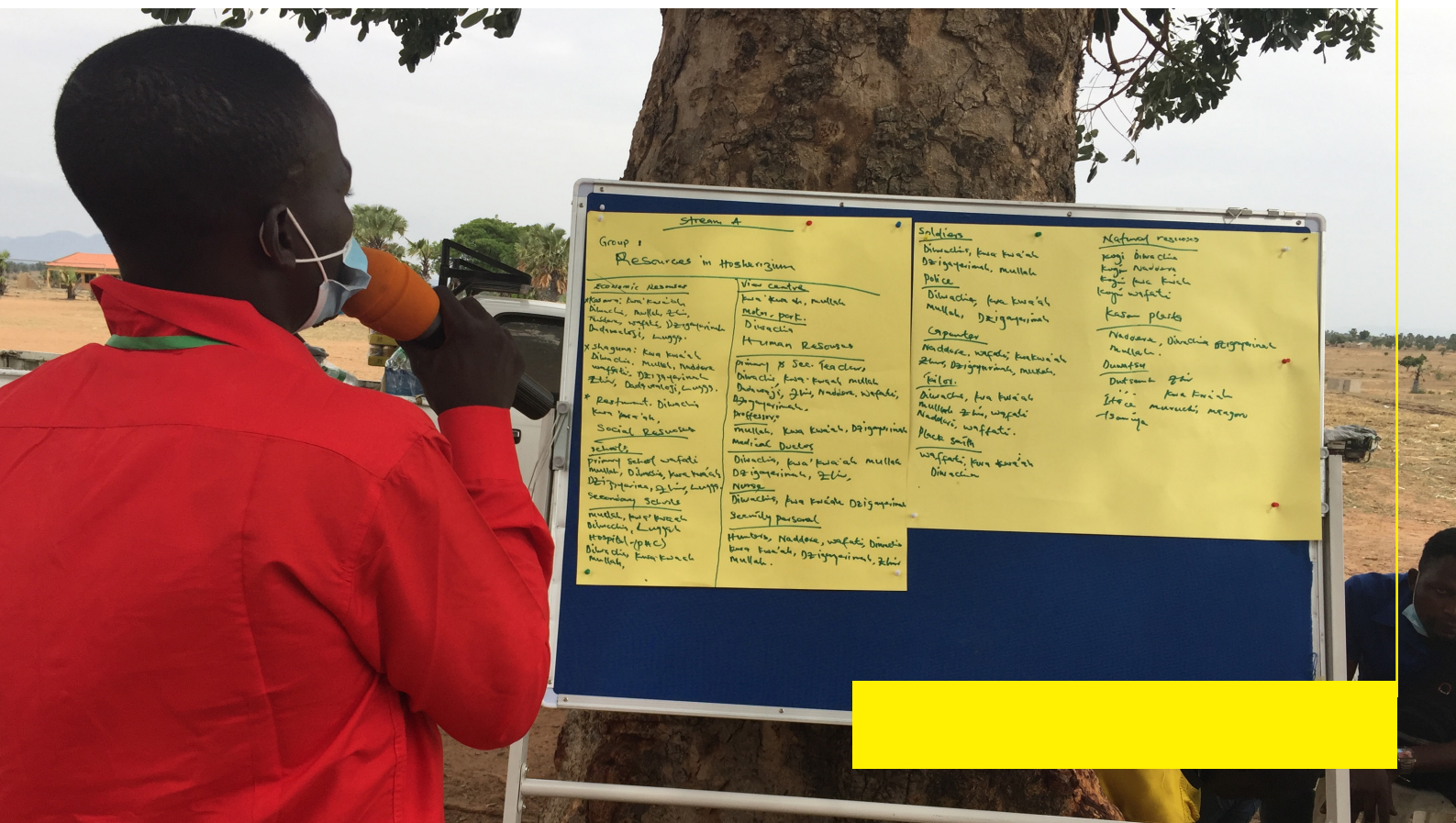
The CDP process provided us with the opportunity for our community stakeholders to come together to discuss and analyse our livelihoods, problems, causes and possible solutions to the identified problems. The session also provided us with a space to create a joint ward developmental plan for a better future for our communities and people. During the CDP

session, we jointly defined development as a way of bringing good things to the community such as good road networks, electricity, potable water education, employment opportunities, and living in a secured environment and good education system.

The valuable resources identified in the ward are natural resources (honey, palm trees, mountains, sand, rivers, etc), social resources (schools, view centres, football field, etc), economic resources (markets, motor park, shops, etc) and human resources (professors, doctors, farmers, etc).

Our common vision for Hoshierizum ward is to have electricity power supply all over communities across the ward in the nearest future. We also envisage that we have a modern market and a good road network where transportation problems will be much less. In the nearest future, we would like to have a specialist hospital and a tertiary institution of any kind in Hoshierizum ward. We also envisioned that our ward will have potable drinking water all over the homes in the whole of Hoshierizum ward. We also hope to have science and technical schools where our community members will learn skills and be self-employed. It is our vision that Hoshierizum primary and secondary schools be upgraded to international standards with qualified teachers and adequate teaching aids and equipment.





Some of the challenges identified during the CDP sessions are inadequate weapons for the vigilante, high rate of unemployment, insufficient boreholes, lack of hospitals and schools in some communities, insufficient teachers, inadequate health workers, lack of police station. These problems were clustered into 7 sectors namely; health, water and sanitation, agriculture and food security, social protection, security and education.

To know the most urgent need of the ward, all the participants were given 3 stones to vote based on the sectors above and they voted agriculture sector as their major challenge that affects the development of their ward.

On the final day of the CDP session, 24 persons were selected from all the communities in the ward to serve as Ward Project Supervisory Committee (WPSC). The committee is saddled with the responsibility to follow up the plan and bring development to the ward.

THIS IS OUR WARD

GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Hoshierizum ward is one of the 12 wards in Hong LGA of Adamawa State. It is situated between coordinates 10° 13' 54" N and 12° 55' 49" E. The area is characterized by the typical rainy and dry seasons. The dry season is for a period of about 5 months (November to March), while the rainy season is from April to October each year. The annual rainfall ranges from 700 -1,050 mm. The temperature in the area remains high in most parts of the year being as hot as 39°C between March and June. It is cold only between December and January with temperatures ranging between 27°C and 32°C.

The topography is highly rugged and generally undulating; covered by scattered chains of rocky hills at an average elevation of 520 meters above mean sea level. The elevation of the land surface generally increases northwards. Hong ward falls within the Sub-Sudan savannah belt of Adamawa State and the vegetation zone is referred to as cambretaceous woodland savannah. About 70% of the vegetation are grasses and shrubs with few scattered woody plants. However, the natural vegetation has been altered by human activities such as cutting trees for fuel, settlement expansion, farming activities, bush burning and rearing of animals.

(Source google)

DEMOGRAPHICS: POPULATION

The population of Hong LGA is 226,100 (National Population Commission). Hoshierizum ward is a diverse ward with many ethnic groups, who settled in the various communities for farming activities because of the vast and fertile land. From our findings, Kilba is the dominant ethnic group in the ward. Fulani, Margi and Fali, etc. are the minority. The major languages spoken in Hoshierizum ward is Kilba, Michika and Marghi respectively. Almost all the people in the ward can speak Kilba as their general language. The ward consists of the following communities; Mombol, Dilwachira, Kwakwaah, Mullah, Garari, Dzege-Yarima, Lugga, Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Zhir, Arndu, Dadawoloji B, Wafa'ati, Wuro-Bamba and Naderi. Hoshierizum ward is a host community, still hosting IDPs. The main religious groups in the ward include Christianity, Islam and a few Traditionalists.

(Source ward analysis)

SUMMARY OF THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC SITUATION

Economic activities in general in the ward practised by both men and women are majorly in the areas of agriculture, petty trading and civil service. The main agricultural activities in the ward are farming crops such as beans, groundnut, maize, corn, etc and others are rearing animals such as cattle, goat/sheep and poultry. The major occupation for men in the ward is civil service or petty trading such as carpentry, building construction, driving, labour works, etc. while for women apart from farming are groundnut oil processing and Akara selling as their main source. The most important market day in the ward is Wednesday. Based on the ward analysis findings, our ward is populated by people living below the poverty lines, with average monthly earnings between 10,000-50,000 naira. Also, according to data generated from the ward analysis, 43.5% of the respondents are of the view that they are not financially stable, reasons being that income is insufficient to take care of their family basic needs, they have too many dependants, inconsistency, cost of living is too high, while 9.4% are of the view that they can provide for their family needs and can manage what they have. 7.4% are undecided or prefer not to say.

(Source ward analysis)

OUR VALUES

We the people of Hoshierizum have some common values such as the quest for our religions, peaceful coexistence among members of our communities, being our brother's keeper, respect for our elders including our traditional leaders, welcoming strangers/visitors and spirit of love among ourselves.

OUR STRENGTH

Despite our numerous challenges in Hoshierizum we are still blessed with abundant resources, some are still untapped while some good numbers of the resources are being utilised. The resources and their locations are presented in table 1 below;

TABLE 1: RESOURCE MAPPING IN KWARHI WARD

S/N	RESOURCES CATEGORY	TYPES OF RESOURCES	LOCATIONS
1	NATURAL RESOURCES	Rock	Dilwachira, Mullah, Garari, Kwakaw'a and Dziga-Yarima
		Timber trees	Mullah, Jabba-Hyema, Garari, Wafa'ati and Lugga
		Honey	Zhir, Dadawaloji, Lugga and Mullah
		Sugar cane	Dilwachira, Garari and Mamboi,
		Laterite	Klanyi, Jaba, Barkari and Dilwachira,
		Rivers/streams	Kwakwa'ah, Nadere, Armdu, Jaba, Bangshika and Zhir
		Farmland	Garari, Dziga-Yerima, Jaba, Banshiga and Jabba-Hyema
		Clay soil	Dilwachira, Mullah, Garari, Kwakawa'ah and Dziga-Yerima
		Plaster sand	Dilwachida
2	ECONOMIC RESOURCES	Poultry	Garari, Dziga-Yerima, Jaba, Banshiga, And Jabba-Hyema
		Shop	Kwakwa'ah, Nadere, Arndu, Jaba, Bangshika and Zhir
		Banana trees	Klanyi, Jaba, Barkari and Dilwachira,
		Food vendors	Dilwachira, Garari and Mombol
		Mango trees	Zhir, Dadawaloji, Lugga and Mullah
		Grinding machine	Mullah, Jabba-Hyema, Garari, Wafa'ati and Lugga
		Palm trees	Dilwachira, Mullah, Garari, Kwakaw'a and Dziga-Yarima
		GSM network	Kwakuwah, Nadere, Armdu, Jaba, Bangshika and Zhir
		Markets	Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira, Mombol and Dziga-yerima
		Bar house	Kwakwa'ah, Mullah, Mombol, Dilwachida
		Motor Park	Mombol And Kwakwa'ah,
		Milling machine	Hoshierizum
3	HUMAN RESOURCES	Native doctors	Garari, Dziga-Yerima, Jaba, Banshiga and Jabba-Hyema
		Hunters	Klanyi, Jaba, Barkari and Dilwachira,
		Farmers	Hoshierizum
		Engineers	Mullah, Jabba-Hyema, Garari, Wafa'ati and Lugga
		Teachers	Kwakuwah, Nadere, Armdu, Jaba, Bangshika and Zhir
		Doctors	Zhir, Dadawaloji, Lugga and Mullah
		Professors	Mullah, Dilwachira and Dziga-yerima
		Nurses	Dilwachida, Kwakwa'ah and Mombol
		Police	Hoshierizum

S/N	RESOURCES CATEGORY	TYPES OF RESOURCES	LOCATIONS
4	SOCIAL RESOURCES	Football field	Armdu, Dziga-Yerima, Jaba-Banshiga and Jabba-Hyema
		Hospital	Mullah, Garari, Kwakaw'a and Dziga-Yerima
		Market	Garari, Dadawaloji, Lugga and Mullah
		Shopping plaza	Zhir, Mullah, Jabba-Hyema, Garari, Wafa'ati and Lugga
		Network (GSM)	Dilwachira, Nadere, Arndu, Jaba, Bangshika, Zhir
		Viewing centre	Mullah, Jabba-Hyema, Garari, Wafa'ati, Lugga
		Schools	Dilwachira, Garari, Mamboi and Kwakwa'ah
		Football viewing centre	Kwakwa'ah, Lugga and Dziga Yerima

Source: Hoshierizum CDP session, 2021

OUR CHALLENGES

Despite the resources we have in our ward as mentioned in table 1, we are still faced with numerous challenges that affect our development. These challenges were clustered according to sectors as shown in table 2:

TABLE 2: SECTORAL BASE CHALLENGES AND LOCATION HOSHERIZUM WARD

SECTORS	CHALLENGES AND LOCATIONS
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Land Disputes in Hoshierizum ward Inadequate farm inputs: Mullah, Diwachira, Dziga-yerima, Lugga, Garari and Kwakwa'ah. No Dam in Hoshierizum ward Clashes between herdsmen and farmers: Mombol, Arndu, Dziga-yerima, Garari, Latakwi, Menarawo, Dadawoloji and Dilwachira Deforstration; Bangshika, Zhir, Dziga-yerima, Jaba, Mullah, Garari, Lugga, Nadere, Mombol, Wafa'ati, Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Wuro-Mbaya, Dilwachira and Jabba-Dziga-yerima. Erosion in Hoshierizum ward No extension worker in Hoshierizum ward No grants/loans for farmers in Hoshierizum ward.
EDUCATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of teaching aid in both primary and secondary schools in Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Mullah, Dilwachira, Garari, Lugga, Wafa'ati, Dziga-yerima, Wuro Garba and Nasarawo. Inadequate qualified teachers in primary and secondary schools in Mombol, Nasarawo, Dilwachira, Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Dziga-yerima, Kwakwa'ah and Mullah Lack of examination hall and administrative block in secondary schools in Dilwachira, Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Mullah, Kwakwa'ah, Garari and Lugga Insufficient chairs in primary and secondary schools in Dilwachira, Garari, Mullah, Jabba-Hyema, Wafa'ati, Dziga-yerima, Barkari and Nasarawo. There are no computer laboratories in secondary and primary schools in Jabba-Hyema, Garari, Dilwachira, Mullah, Dziga-Yerima, Wafa-ati, Wuro Garba, Mombol and Kwakwa'ah Lack of libraries in secondary Schools: Dilwachira, Jabba-Hyema and Mullah Lack of Schools at Dadawoloji, Zhir, Naderi, Arndu and Jabba-Dziga Yerima.
SECURITY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High rate of kidnapping: Nadere, Mullah, Dilbachima, Lugga, Wuro-Mbaya and Zhir. ack of police station: Kwakwa'ah, Mullah, Mombol, Dilwachira, Dziga-yerima, Barkari, Lugga, Wuro-Mbaya, Mullah and Tashan-Ttiding House burglary: Dilwachira, Mullah, Wuro-Mbaya, Garari, Zhir, Jabahema, and Kwakwa'ah Lack of Incentives for Vigilante in Hoshierizum ward.
WATER AND SANITATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient boreholes: Zhir, Wafa'ati, Dziga-yerima, Lugga, Barkari, Wuro-garba, Jaba, Klanyi Dilwachira, Kwakwa'ah, Arndu, Mullah and Nadere Insufficient public toilets: Lugga, Wafa'ati, Mumbol, Dilwachira, Zhir, Wuro-Bali, Kwakwa'ah, Mullah, Barkari, Dadawoloji, Garari, Arndu, Jabba-Dziga yerima and Wuro-biriji

SECTORS	CHALLENGES AND LOCATIONS
ECONOMY AND INFRASTRUCTURE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of electricity power supply: Nadere, Arndu, Dziga-yerima, Garari, Wuro-Mbaya, Lugga, Mombol, Dilwachira, Kwakwa'ah, Dadawoloji, Zhir, Wafa'ati, Mullah, Jaba and Jabba-Hyema • Insufficient capital for business: Kwakwa'ah, Jaba Hyema, Dziga-yerima, Arndu, Dilwachira, Mullah, Garari, Lugga, Mombol, Zhir and Wafa'ati, Barkari and Wuro-garba • Lack of employment: Hoshierizum ward • Lack of market place: Nadere, Mombol, Dziga-yerima, Arndu • No GSM network service: Dilwachira, Zhir, Mombol, Jaba Jabba-Hyema, Wuro-Mbaya, Ardo, Dadawoloji, Wafa'ati, and Nadere
HEALTH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insufficient health personnel: Mombol, Dilwachira and Kwakwa'ah • Delapidated building structures in clinics in Garari, Mombol, Mullah, Dziga yerima and Dilwachira • Insufficient drugs in clinics at Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira and Mombol • Insufficient staff quarters in the clinic; Dilwachira, Mombol and Kwakwa'ah • Insufficient staff quarters in the clinic: Dilwachira, Mombol and Kwakwa'ah • Lack of water supply in the clinic: Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira and Mombol • Lack of ambulance; Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira and Mombol clinics
SOCIAL PROTECTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of care for orphans and divorcee: Dziga Yerima, Mombol, Barkari, Wuro Garba, Kwakwa'ah, Mullah, Lugga, Garari and Dilwachira • High rate of divorce; Mullah, Garari, Dilwachira, Kwakwa'ah, Garari, Dziga-yerima and Arndu • High rate of abortion: Dziga-yerima, Dilwachira, Mullah, Kwakwa'ah and Mombol • High rate of drugs abuse; Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira, Mombol, Lugga, Garari, Mullah, Nadderi and Dadawoloji. • High rate of child abuse; Kwakwa'ah, Mombol and Dilwachira

Source: Hoshierizum CDP session, 2021



THIS IS OUR DEVELOPMENT: PROBLEMS AND CAUSES, SOLUTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

To better understand our developmental needs, we collected discussed and prioritised the problems in our ward that need our urgent attention. The tables below indicate the prioritisation of problem sectors that came out of our internal democratic voting process which was conducted in different age and gender groups and then in plenary where we all voted to prioritise our most urgent needs in order of ranking as shown in table 3 and 4. The problems were clustered into seven major sectors as below;

- Education
- Health
- Water and Sanitation
- Agriculture and Food Security
- Security
- Economy and Infrastructure
- Social Protection

TABLE 3: GROUP VOTING BY GENDER AND AGE				
	Male		Female	
Sector	≤35yrs	≥36yrs	≤35yrs	≥36yrs
Agriculture and Food Security	13	12	11	18
Education	09	08	07	11
Security	07	13	01	00
Water and Sanitation	05	07	09	06
Economy and Infrastructure	07	04	06	07
Health	07	09	07	09
Social protection	00	01	02	00
Total	48	54	48	51

Source: Hoshierizum CDP session, 2021

GENERAL COMMUNITY RANKING

TABLE 4: HOSHERIZUM WARD GENERAL RANKING		
Sector	Vote	Ranking
Agriculture and Food Security	52	1st
Education	38	2nd
Security	36	3rd
Water and Sanitation	32	4th
Economy and Infrastructure	22	5th
Health	19	6th
Social protection	02	7th
Total	201	

Source: Hoshierizum CDP session, 2021

Following the prioritization of our problems and needs, we sat together and analysed the root causes of these problems and their effects. From the major causes of the problems, we were able to identify possible solutions and proposed possible activities to be followed to overcome the problems. Tables 5 below shows the Problem-Solution-Activity table for all the sectors:

PROBLEM, SOLUTION AND ACTIVITY TABLE

AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY SECTOR



We identified land disputes among community members as one of the major problems in the agricultural and food security sector in Hoshierizum ward due to injustice, overpopulation and greed among community members. To solve this problem, we suggested that community members should be just in land dealings and to achieve this, the community through the WPSC, traditional and religious leaders should encourage and advocate just dealing in land-related issues.

PROBLEMS (AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
Land disputes in Hoshierizum Ward		
Due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Injustice among community members 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Let there be justice in land dealing among the community members. Community members should have genuine titles to their land 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Traditional and religious leaders should encourage and advocate justice and fear of God in issues of land dealings. Traditional leaders should encourage community members to have genuine titles or certificates of occupancy for their lands.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overpopulation in the quest for land in the ward 	There should be regulation on birth rate	Traditional/religious leaders should educate the community members to regulate their birth rate.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Greed among community members 	Community members should shun being greedy	Religious leaders preach to community members to shun greediness.
No dam in Hoshierizum ward		
Due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adamawa State Ministry of Water Resources did not provide a dam in the ward 	Adamawa State Ministry of Water Resources should provide a dam in the ward	The community through WPSC should lobby the State Ministry of Water Resources to construct the dam in the ward
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No Land to develop dam in the ward 	WPSC and the community members should provide land to build a dam in the ward	WPSC and community members should organise town hall meetings to provide land for the construction of the dam in the ward

PROBLEMS (AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Inadequate farm inputs: Mullah, Diwachira, Dziga-yerima, Lugga, Garari and Kwakwa'ah.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of money to buy farming inputs 	<p>Farmers should access loans from financial institutions especially the Bank of Agriculture (BOA) or engage in money-making activities</p>	<p>The WPSC and agricultural extension workers should sensitise the community members to engage in money generating activities such as accessing loans from a financial institution, skills acquisition, etc.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High cost of farm inputs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adamawa State Ministry of Agriculture should give loans to farmers Adamawa State Ministry of Agriculture should subsidise the cost of farm inputs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community through the WPSC should lobby the State Ministry of Agriculture to give loans to the farmers through their cooperative. The WPSC and farmers cooperatives should lobby the State Ministry of Agriculture to subsidise the price of farm inputs through their members at the state house of assembly
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bad government policies 	<p>Government at all levels should come out with good policies favourable to farmers on farming inputs</p>	<p>The WPSC, community leaders and farmers cooperatives should propose favourable policies on farming inputs through their representatives in both chambers.</p>
<p>Clashes between herdsmen and farmers: Mombol, Arndu, Dziga-yerima, Garari, Latakwi, Menarawo, Dadawoloji and Dilwachira</p> <p>Due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Encroachment by herders into farmlands in Hoshierizum ward 	<p>Herders should stop encroaching into farmland</p>	<p>Traditional and religious leaders with the leadership of herders should have a dialogue meeting to look for ways to stop encroachment into farmlands</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Encroachment on grazing routes in the ward 	<p>Farmers should desist from encroachment on grazing routes in the ward</p>	<p>Traditional leaders should call for a town hall meeting to discourage encroachment on grazing lands in the ward</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of law guiding grazing in the ward 	<p>Local, State and Federal Governments should enact laws guiding grazing in the ward</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC should lobby their representatives at the State and National Assembly to sponsor bills guiding grazing.</p>

PROBLEMS (AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>No grants/loans for farmers in Hoshierizum ward.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Farmers do not seek grants and loans. Lack of unity among farmers 	<p>Farmers should seek grants and loans from the Bank of Agriculture (BOA) and other financial institutions</p> <p>Farmers should look for a unifying factor like the farmers' cooperative society in the ward</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC, farmers' cooperatives society and agricultural extension workers should educate farmers on how to access loans from the Bank of Agriculture and other commercial banks</p> <p>Agricultural extension workers should sensitise farmers on the gains of having and belonging to farmers' cooperative society in the ward</p>
<p>Deforestation; Bangshika, Zhir, Dziga-yerima, Jaba, Mullah, Garari, Lugga, Nadere, Mombol, Wafa'ati, Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Wuro-Mbaya, Dilwachira and Jabba-Dziga-yerima.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indiscriminate cutting of trees in the ward Lack of law guiding felling of trees The nonchalant attitude of community members in the ward 	<p>WPSC and agricultural extension workers should stop the indiscriminate cutting of trees in the ward</p> <p>Government at all levels enact laws guiding the felling of trees</p> <p>WPSC and agricultural extension workers should guide against deforestation</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC and agricultural extension workers should sensitise the community members on the effect of indiscriminate cutting of trees.</p> <p>The community through the WPSC should lobby their representatives at State and National Assemblies to sponsor bills that will prevent felling of trees.</p> <p>WPSC, Community leaders and agricultural extension workers should regularly sensitise the community members on the need to secure their environment through the planting of more trees than felling them.</p>
<p>Erosion in Hoshierizum ward</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Climate change Excessive use of herbicides by farmers in the ward 	<p>WPSC and agricultural extension workers should encourage the planting of more trees in the ward</p> <p>Agricultural extension workers should encourage farmers to limit the use of herbicides on their farms</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC and agricultural extension workers should educate the community members on the importance of planting more trees to checkmate the effect of climate change</p> <p>WPSC, agricultural extension workers and community leaders should campaign to limit the use of herbicides in the ward</p>

PROBLEMS (AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>No extension worker in Hoshierizum ward</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-employment of extension workers by the Adamawa State Ministry of Agriculture 	Adamawa State Ministry of Agriculture should employ more extension workers	The community through the WPSC should lobby the Ministry of Agriculture to employ more extension workers in the affected communities.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community members are not interested in studying agricultural extension in higher institutions of learning. 	Agricultural extension workers and community leaders should encourage the community members to study agricultural extension in higher institution	Agricultural extension workers, community leaders and WPSC should sensitise the community members on the need to study agricultural extension
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The nonchalant attitude of State and Federal Governments in Agricultural development 	State and Federal Ministries of Agriculture should focus more on the areas of agriculture	Community leaders, WPSC and farmers' cooperatives should lobby the State and Federal Ministries of Agriculture through their members representing them at State and National Assembly to make good policies in the agriculture sector.

EDUCATION



One of the major problems we identified in Hoshierizum ward under the education sector is the lack of teaching aids in our primary and secondary schools and this is due to a lack of supply by ADSUBEB and PPSMB. This problem will be resolved if ADSUBEB and PPSMB provide teaching aids to the affected schools. We also suggested the following activities be done to arrive at the solution; school PTA and SBMC should lobby ADSUBEB/PPSMB to supply the needed teaching aids to the affected schools.

PROBLEMS (EDUCATION)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Lack of teaching aid in both primary and secondary schools in Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Mullah, Dilwachira, Garari, Lugga, Wafa'ati, Dziga-yerima, Wuro Garba and Nasarawo</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of supply of teaching aids by ADSUBEB and PPSMB 	<p>ADSUBEB and PPSMB should provide teaching aids in the affected schools.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PTA/ SBMC should lobby ADSUBEB and PPSMB to supply teaching materials Principal/ headmaster should ensure proper storage, security and disbursement of teaching aids to the teachers
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of funding and equipping of educational resources centre by ADSUBEB and PPSMB 	<p>ASUBEB and PPSMB should make provisions in the budget and fund the centre through the local government area</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SBMC/PTA should lobby the Local Government Education Secretary through ADSUBEB and PPSMB to provide funds and materials to the affected schools. The headmasters/principals of the schools should monitor and supervise the use of teaching aid in the affected schools
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of industries producing teaching aids in the ward 	<p>Ministry of Commerce and industry should establish industries</p>	<p>Directors and permanent secretary at the Ministry of Commerce and Industry should write a proposal to the Governor through the Secretary to the State Government seeking for the establishment of industries that would produce teaching aids</p>

PROBLEMS (EDUCATION)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Inadequate qualified teachers in primary and secondary schools in Mombol, Nasarawo, Dilwachira, Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Dziga-yerima, Kwakwa'ah and Mullah</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of employment by ADSUBEB and PPSMB 	<p>ADSUBEB and PPSMB should employ more qualified teachers in the affected primary schools</p>	<p>PTA/SBMC and Community leaders should lobby the government through ADSUBEB and PPSMB to employ more qualified teachers in the affected primary and secondary schools</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High rate of Exam malpractices in the affected communities 	<p>SBMC, PTA, heads of schools and community leaders should stop the examination malpractices</p>	<p>PTA, SBMC, heads of schools and community leaders should campaign and discourage examination malpractice through sensitisation in the various schools.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient teachers' training schools. 	<p>Ministry of Higher and Professional Education should establish more teachers' training schools in the state</p>	<p>Community leaders should synergise with PTA and SBMC to lobby the State Ministry of Higher and Professional Education to establish more teachers' training schools.</p>
<p>Lack of examination hall and administrative blocks in secondary schools in Dilwachira, Jabba-Jabba-Hyema, Mullah, Kwakwa'ah, Garari and Lugga</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PPSMB did not provide or build examination hall and administrative blocks in the affected schools 	<p>PPSMB should build examination hall and administrative blocks in the affected schools</p>	<p>The community through WPSC, SBMC, PTA should lobby philanthropists, the Ministry of Education through the PPSMB to build examination hall and administrative blocks in the affected schools</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of complaint from the school authority concerned 	<p>The school authority should forward their complaints to PPSMB</p>	<p>SBMC, PTA and the school authority should forward their complaint to PPSMB to build examination hall and administrative blocks in the affected schools</p>

PROBLEMS (EDUCATION)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Insufficient chairs in primary and secondary schools in Dilwachira, Garari, Mullah, Jabba-Hyema, Wafa'ati, Dziga-yerima, Barkari and Nasarawo.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ADSUBEB and PPSMB did not supply chairs to the affected schools. 	<p>ADSUBEB, PPSMB and philanthropists should supply chairs to the affected schools</p>	<p>PTA/SBMC should lobby the government through the ADSUBEB and PPSMB to provide chairs to the affected primary and secondary schools</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vandalization of the school chairs and by pupils/students. 	<p>PTA/ SBMC and schools should stop the students against vandalization.</p>	<p>PTA, SBMC and school management should put in place stiff measures against students that engage in such an act</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broken down by pupils and students of affected schools 	<p>Pupils and students at the affected schools should stop breaking down their seats and desks</p>	<p>School management should form a committee to caution the activities of such pupils.</p>
<p>There are no computer laboratories in secondary and primary schools in Jabba-Hyema, Garari, Dilwachira, Mullah, Dziga-Yarima, Wafa-ati, Wuro Garba, Mombol and Kwakwa'ah</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ADSUBEB and PPSMB did not provide computer laboratories in schools 	<p>ADSUBEB and PPSMB should provide computer laboratories in the affected schools</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC, PTA and SBMC should lobby for computer laboratories from the government through ASUBEB and PPSMB</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of supply of computer and laboratory equipment 	<p>ADSUBEB and PPSMB should supply computers and laboratory equipment</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PTA and SBMC should lobby for the supply of computers from the government through ASUBEB and PPSMB in the affected schools. • PTA and SBMC should lobby for supply of computers from relevant NGOs.

PROBLEMS (EDUCATION)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Lack of libraries in secondary schools: Dilwachira, Jabba-Hyema and Mullah</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PPSMB did not build libraries in the affected schools School authorities in the affected schools did not request libraries Lack of help from donors/philanthropists 	PPSMB should build libraries in the affected schools	The community through the WPSC, PTA and SBMC should lobby the PPSMB through the member representing them at the state assembly
	School authorities should request for the building of the libraries	School authorities should make their request through SBMC to ADSUBEB to build the libraries.
	SBMC and PTA should source for donors to build the libraries	SBMC, PTA and community leaders should search for donors and philanthropists to build the libraries in the affected communities.
<p>Lack of schools at Dadawoloji, Zhir, Naderi, Arndu and Jabba-Dziga Yerima.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The government did not build schools in the affected communities Community members did not request for schools 	PPSMB/ADSUBEB should build schools in the affected communities	WPSC and community leaders should write requesting for school through the Executive secretaries of the PPSMB
	WPSC and community leaders should request from PPSMB	WPSC and community leaders should write and request PPSMB to establish schools in the affected communities

SECURITY



We identified kidnapping as one of the major problems in Hoshierizum ward and this is due to idleness, lack of good parental training and greed among community members. The solution to this problem is for the community members to find a job, parents should take good care of their children and community members should stop being greedy and be contented with what they have. To achieve this, the community leaders should encourage community members to look for jobs and religious leaders should preach to the parents to take good care of their children and also against being greedy in the affected communities.

PROBLEMS (SECURITY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>High rate of kidnapping in Nadere, Mullah, Dilwachira, Lugga, Wuro-Mbaya and Zhir</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Idleness/lack of work among community members in the affected communities 	Community members should find job so that it keeps them busy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The community through the WPSC, community leaders and influential people in the community should lobby for more job opportunities from the Civil Service Commission to the affected communities. • The community through the WPSC, community leaders and influential people in the community should lobby for skills acquisition centre in the affected communities • Community leaders and influential members of the communities should raise funds and give them as capital to the members of the communities.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of good parental training among community members in the affected communities 	Parents should train their children in an upright and Godly manner	Parents should learn to advise their children and train them in a Godly manner
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Greed among the affected community members 	Community members should stop being greedy and be contented with what they have	Religious leaders should sensitise and preach to the community members on the implication of being greedy as it will lead to bad behaviour.

PROBLEMS (SECURITY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Lack of police station in Kwakwa'ah, Mullah, Mombol, Dilwachira, Dziga-yarima and Barkari</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ministry of Police Affairs did not provide a police station in the affected communities. 	Ministry of Police Affairs to provide police stations in the affected communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community through the WPSC and other influential people in the community should forward their complaints to the government through the Ministry of Police Affairs. The community through the WPSC and other influential people in the community should forward their complaints to state and federal representatives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient police personnel in the ward 	Ministry of Police Affairs to provide deploy more police personnel in the affected communities	The community through the WPSC and community leaders should lobby the government for more police personnel through the Ministry of Police Affairs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Local Government Chairperson did not request for the establishment of a police station in the affected communities. 	The Local Government Chairperson did not request for the establishment of a police station	The community through the WPSC and their Councillor should inform the LG Chairperson and the Chief Security Officer to lobby the Adamawa State government through the Security Department Governor's office for the establishment of the police station
<p>House burglary; Dilwachira, Mullah, Wuro-Mbaya, Garari, Zhir, Jabba-Hyema, and Kwakwa'ah</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of employment among youths in affected communities 	Civil Service Commission should create more job opportunities in the affected communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community through the WPSC and community leaders should lobby the government through the Civil Service Commission to create more job opportunities in the affected communities. Community leaders and influential members should raise money capital for the members of the community.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of parental training among community members 	Parents should train their children in an appropriate and godly way	Parents should advise their children and limit their mingling with bad friends. community and religious leaders should teach and advise them on the danger of theft.

PROBLEMS (SECURITY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Lack of incentives for the vigilantes In Hoshierizum ward.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of Incentives from community members. 	Community leaders and WPSC should provide incentives for vigilantes.	The community through the WPSC, and community leaders should organise a fundraising event to provide incentives to vigilantes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The LGA Chairperson did not provide incentives for vigilantes 	The LGA Chairperson did not provide incentives for vigilante	The community through the WPSC and community leaders should lobby the LG Chairperson to provide incentives for the vigilantes in the affected communities.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High rate of poverty among community members 	Adamawa State Ministry of Finance and National Directorate of Employment (NDE) should engage in giving loans to the community members and jobs to do to get money	The community through the WPSC and other influential people should lobby Adamawa State Ministry of Finance and the National Directorate of Employment (NDE) to engage in giving loans to the community members and jobs.

WATER AND SANITATION SECTOR



Underwater and sanitation sector, we identified insufficient boreholes as one of the major problems in Hoshierizum ward because community members did not forward their complaints to the Ministry of Water Resources. We deliberated and came up with a solution that requires the community members through WPSC and WASH committee to lobby the Ministry of Water Resources to build more boreholes in the affected communities.

PROBLEMS (WATER AND SANITATION)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Insufficient boreholes in Zhir, Wafa'ati, Dziga- yerima, Lugga, Barkari, Wuro Garka, Jaba, Klanyi Dilwachira, Kwakwa'ah, Arndu, Mullah and Nadere</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community did not forward their complaints to the Ministry of Water Resources and Water Board Lack of site to drill boreholes 	WPSC and WASH committee should forward their complaints to the Ministry of Water Resources	The community members through the WPSC and WASH should forward their complaints to the Ministry of Water Resources to sink more boreholes in the affected communities
	Community leaders and WPSC should provide a site for drilling boreholes	Community leaders and WPSC should sensitise community members to contribute or donate land for drilling of boreholes in the affected communities
<p>Insufficient public toilets; Lugga, Wafa'ati, Mumbol, Dilwachira, Zhir, Wuro-Bali, Kwakwa'ah, Mullah, Barkari, Dadawoloji, Garari, Jabba-Dziga- yerima, Wuro-Biriji and Arndu.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community, WASH committee and environmental sanitation agency did not provide more public toilets in the affected communities Lack of knowing the importance of toilet 	WASH, committee and environmental sanitation agency should provide the toilets.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community through the WPSC, WASH committee and community leaders should organise a fundraising event to build more public toilets in the affected communities. The community through the WPSC and WASH committee should lobby the Ministry Environmental Sanitation Agency to build more public toilets in the affected communities
	WASH committee should sensitise the community members on importance of toilets against open defecation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community through the WPSC and WASH communities should organise a seminar to sensitise the members of the communities on the importance of toilets against the practice of open defecation. Community leaders should collaborate with NGOs and organise a workshop on the importance of toilets against open defecation in the community

ECONOMY AND INFRASTRUCTURE



We identified a lack of electricity supply as one of the major problems in Hoshierizum ward. This is caused by the failure of the government to connect the affected communities to the national grid. The solution to this problem is for Adamawa State Ministry of Power and Rural Development to connect the affected communities to the national grid. This can be achieved if the WPSC and other influential people from the ward lobby the State Ministry of Power and Rural Development to provide electricity in the ward

PROBLEMS (ECONOMY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Lack of electricity power supply; Nadere, Arndu, Dziga-yerima, Garari, Wuro-Mbaya, Lugga, Mombol, Diwachira, Kwakwa'ah, Dadawoloji, Zhir, Wafa'ati, Mullah and Jabba-Hyema,</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The State Ministry of Power and Rural Development did not connect the affected communities to the national grid. 	<p>The State Ministry of Power and Rural Development should connect the affected communities to the national grid.</p>	<p>The community through WPSC and influential people from the communities should lobby the State Ministry of Power and Rural Development to connect the affected communities to the national grid</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of access road to the communities. 	<p>Ministry of Works /Land and Survey should provide an access road to the affected communities.</p>	<p>The community through WPSC should lobby Ministries of Works/Land and Survey to provide an access road to the affected communities.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corruption among contractors 	<p>Ministry of Works should make sure all the contractors are experts and do not compromise their standard</p>	<p>There should be constant monitoring and supervision by the Ministry of Work to ensure the contractors do not compromise on their standards and specifications</p>

PROBLEMS (ECONOMY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Insufficient capital for business in Kwakwa'ah, Jaba, Dziga-yerima, Arndu, Dilwachira, Mullah, Garari, Lugga, Mombol, Zhir, Barkari, Wuro-Garba and Wafa'ati,</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> High rate of poverty among the community members 	<p>Adamawa State Ministry of Finance and National Directorate of Employment (NDE) should engage in giving loans to the community members and jobs to do to get money</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC and other influential people should lobby Adamawa State Ministry of Finance and the National Directorate of Employment (NDE) to engage in giving loans to the community members and jobs.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of access to loans by the community members 	<p>Community members should have access to loans from commercial banks</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC should organise a seminar by inviting commercial bank officials to educate the community members on how to access the loan.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The State Ministry of Finance did not give loans/grants to the community members 	<p>State Ministry of Finance should give loans and grants to community members</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC and other influential people should lobby the State Ministry of Finance should give loans and grants to the community members in the affected communities</p>
<p>Lack of employment in Hoshierizum ward.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The State Civil Service Commission did not employ the teeming graduates in the ward 	<p>The State Civil Service Commission should employ the teeming graduates in the ward</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community through the WPSC should lobby for employment of graduates from the government through the Civil Service Commission Community leaders should collaborate with the influential members of the community to create more job opportunities for the members by creating more businesses.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of basic knowledge among community members 	<p>Community members should acquire basic skills to be employable</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC and community leaders should sensitise members of the community on the need to acquire skills to be employable</p>

PROBLEMS (ECONOMY)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Lack of marketplace Nadere, Mombol, Dziga-Yerima and Arndu</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of unity among the community members 	<p>Community members should unite themselves through their leaders to acquire a place/site for market in the affected communities</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The community through the WPSC and the community leaders should call their members and sensitise them on the importance of unity which will bring about development in their communities. Religious leaders should intervene by preaching to the community members on the importance of unity in a community.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of land for a marketplace in affected communities 	<p>Community members should provide a place to construct market</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC and community leaders should dialogue with community members to provide space to establish a market in the affected communities.</p>
<p>No GSM Network service in Dilwachira, Zhir, Mombol, Jabba-Hyema, Wuro-Mbaya, Dadawoloji, Wafa'ati and Nadere</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low population in the communities 	<p>Community members should establish more businesses to attract more people to the communities</p>	<p>Community leaders and influential people in the community should encourage community members to engage in businesses that will attract more people into the affected communities</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distance of the communities from the available network areas 	<p>Network providers should install mast close to where people are residing</p>	<p>The community through the WPSC should lobby the network providers for more mast in affected communities</p>

HEALTH SECTOR



Insufficient health personnel is one of the major problems we identified in Hoshierizum ward under the health sector and is primarily caused by the lack of employment of health personnel by the Adamawa State Ministry of Health. To solve this problem, we suggest that PHCDA through the Ministry of Health should employ more personnel in the affected clinics. We also suggested that WPSC, WDC and VDC lobby PHCDA through members representing the ward at the state assembly to deploy/employ more health personnel in the affected clinics.

PROBLEMS AND MAJOR CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Insufficient health personnel: Mombol, Dilwachira and Kwakwa'ah</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of employment of health personnel PHCDA 	PHCDA should employ more health personnel in the communities	The community, through the WPSC, WDC should lobby PHCDA through their representatives at the state assembly to employ/ deploy more health personnel in the affected clinics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The geographical location of the communities is so difficult to access. 	WPSC/WDC should provide an access road to the communities	The community members through WPSC, WDC and VDC, should lobby for the construction of access roads through RAMP
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient health institutions in the state 	Ministry of Higher and Professional Education should establish more health institutions	The community through the WPSC and WDC should lobby for the establishment of more health institutions in the state through the Ministry of Higher and Professional Education
<p>Delapidated building structures in clinics in Garari, Mombol, Mullah, Dziga-yerima and Dilwachira</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor architectural design at the affected clinics 	PHCDA through the State Ministry of Work should use professional architects in designing the clinic.	PHCDA should ensure that the design of the clinic is given to a professional architecture
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The contractors at the affected communities did not follow the plan correctly 	WPSC and WDC should make sure the contractor follows the specification as prescribed in the design	The community members through WPSC and WDC should ensure constant monitoring and supervision of the materials used as stipulated in the design
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of good mobilisation fee to the contractors to start the construction works 	PHCDA through the State Ministry of Work should mobilise a good fee to the contractors to start the project.	The community members through WPSC and WDC should lobby the PHCDA through the Ministry Works to pay substantial mobilisation fees to the contractors on time to start the project.

PROBLEMS AND MAJOR CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Insufficient drugs in clinics at Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira and Mombol</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Illegal diversion/selling of drugs by workers Management of the clinics do not put a request for more drugs from Adamawa State drug store 	<p>Hospital workers should stop the illegal diversion/selling of drugs</p> <p>WDC and management of the clinics should put a request for more drugs from Adamawa State drug store on time</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WDC and the clinic management should ensure strict monitoring and evaluation in the dispensing of drugs. Workers should be sensitised on the need to be contented with their salaries and do their work professionally. <p>The community members through WDC and the management of the clinics should lobby the supply of drugs through SMH and HSMB on time</p>
<p>Insufficient staff quarters in the clinic; Dilwachira, Mombol and Kwakwa'ah</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No provision of enough staff quarters by PHCDA Non-consideration of the importance of staff accommodation in the affected communities by the PHCDA. 	<p>PHCDA should build enough staff quarters in the affected clinics</p> <p>PHCDA should consider the importance of staff accommodation in the communities and build more staff quarters</p>	<p>The community members through WPSC, WDC and VDC should lobby the government through the PHCDA for the provision of enough staff quarters in the affected clinics</p> <p>The community through WDC, VDC and other stakeholders should request from PHCDA through the Ministry of Health to consider the importance of staff accommodation and build more staff quarters in the affected communities</p>
<p>Lack of water supply in the clinic; Kwakwa'ah, Mombol and Dilwachira</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water supply was not included in the original plan of the clinics by the PHCDA The geographical location of the clinic 	<p>Water supply should be included in the original plan of the clinics by the Ministry of Health</p> <p>Ministry of Health should carry out a geophysical survey of the area for water before building the clinic</p>	<p>The community, through the WDC and VDC and other stakeholders should lobby the government through the Ministry of Water Resources to provide water in the affected clinic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Ministry of Health should engage qualified geologists to survey the area for water before building the clinic. The community through the WDC and VDC should advise the Ministry of Health on suitable areas before building the clinic in communities

PROBLEMS AND MAJOR CAUSES	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>Lack of Ambulance; Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira and Mombol clinics</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-provision of an ambulance by PHCDA through the Ministry of Health in the clinics Non-inclusion of ambulances in the budget during the construction of the clinics 	PHCDA through the Ministry of Health should provide ambulances to the affected clinics	The WDC and community leaders should lobby for the provision of ambulance from PHCDA through the Ministry of Health
	PHCDA through the Ministry of Health should include the provision of ambulance in the plan of constructing the clinics	The community, through the WPSC, WDC and VDC should lobby PHCDA through the Ministry of Health to include the provision of ambulances in budget and ensure the implementation

SOCIAL PROTECTION SECTOR



Lack of care for orphans and divorces are the major problems identified under the social protection sector in Hoshierizum ward and is due to lack of unity and poverty among the community members in the affected communities. We dialogued and came up with a solution which is for the community members to unite themselves and take care of the orphans and divorcees. We also collectively suggested that the community members and their leaders should be sensitised on the importance of unity, which will bring about taking good care of the orphans and divorcees in the affected communities.

PROBLEMS (SOCIAL PROTECTION SECTOR)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
Lack of care for orphans and divorcee: Dziga Yerima, Mombol, Barkari, Wuro Garba, Kwakwa'ah, Mullah, Lugga, Garari and Dilwachira Due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of unity among the community members 	Community members should unite themselves to collectively take care of the orphans and divorcees	Community members through their traditional and religious leaders should be sensitised on the importance of taking care of orphans and divorcees by uniting themselves to solve their problems.
	Community leaders and influential members of the community should provide sources of livelihood for other vulnerable groups in the communities.	Traditional and religious leaders should preach to influential members of the community to reach out to the poor.
High rate of divorce; Mullah, Garari, Dilwachira, Kwakwa'ah, Garari, Dziga-yerima and Arndu Due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of patience among couples in the affected communities 	Couples should learn how to tolerate each other	Parents and religious leaders should preach to couples on importance of tolerance in marriage
	Intended couples should take a marriage course before marriage	Community members through their religious leaders should advise couples to go into marriage counselling before marriage

PROBLEMS (SOCIAL PROTECTION SECTOR)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>High rate of abortion: Dziga-yerima, Dilwachira, Mullah, Kwakwa'ah and Mombol</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Over strictness from the parents in the affected communities 	Parents should balance love and discipline	Religious leaders should preach to parents and the whole community on how to strike the balance between love and discipline
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fear of stigma by the victims of abortions in the affected communities 	The girl child should accept the unwanted pregnancy in good fate	Religious leaders and parents should counsel the girl child to avoid abortion.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of acceptance from the person responsible for the pregnancy 	The person responsible for the pregnancy should accept the pregnancy	The religious leader and the community leaders should intervene and make the person responsible for the pregnancy know and accept the pregnancy to avoid abortion
<p>High rate of drugs abuse; Kwakwa'ah, Dilwachira, Mombol, Lugga, Garari, Mullah, Nadderi and Dadawoloji.</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of employment among youths by Civil Service Commission 	Civil Service Commission should create job opportunities for community members	Community through the WPSC should lobby the State Civil Service Commission through their member in the State House of Assembly to create job opportunities in the affected communities.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lack of good parental upbringing in affected communities 	Parents/community members should bring up and guide their children in a good manner	Religious leaders should preach on the need for community members to train their children in a good manner
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bad peer groups among youths in the ward 	Parents should watch over their children against bad peer groups	Religious leaders and parents should preach to community members to watch over who their children associate with in the community.

PROBLEMS (SOCIAL PROTECTION SECTOR)	SOLUTIONS	ACTIVITIES
<p>High rate of child abuse; Kwakwa'ah, Mombol and Dilwachira</p> <p>Due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> High rate of poverty among the members of the community 	<p>WPSC and community leaders should provide means of entrepreneurship for the community</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community members through the WPSC and other influential people in the community should lobby for jobs opportunity through the Civil Service Commission Community members through their leaders should lobby for a skills acquisition centre from the State Ministry of Entrepreneurship Development
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The nonchalant attitude of parents 	<p>Parents should take care of their children</p>	<p>Community members through their religious and traditional leaders should preach on the need for parents to take care of their children</p>

Source: Hoshierizum CDP session, 2021.



THIS IS HOW WE MONITOR

At the end of the maiden CDP session in Hoshierizum ward, a Ward Project Supervisory Committee (WPSC) comprising 24 representatives from the 15 communities within the ward was established and we nominated our Committee Chairperson, Secretary and other ranks as shown in Table 6. Functions of the Ward Project Supervisory Committee (WPSC) include:

- The committee will provide support to their wards and be available to their communities whenever necessary,
- The committee will meet with government agencies and development partners to discuss further modalities on the development within the ward and
- To report back to their respective community on the progress or otherwise or project activities and update the community on the issues discussed at the various meetings held with development partners

TABLE 6: WARD PROJECT SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE HOSHERIZUM WARD WITH THEIR PORTFOLIOS AND CONTACTS

S/N	NAME	SEX	COMMUNITY	PHONE NUMBER	POSITION
1	CHAGINAYADA JONATHAN	F	ARNDU	08088042877	MEMBER
2	JAPHETH MALLUM MISHIKIR	M	JABBA-DZIGI YERIMA	08062394936	CHAIRPERSON
3	HUSSAINI ISA	M	DZIGI YERIMA	08144793009	MEMBER
4	RIFKATU HARUNA	F	DZIGI YERIMA	09069984687	MEMBER
5	PETER MARKUS	M	NADERE	08065952927	MEMBER
6	HAPPY PHILLIP	F	WURO-MBAYA	08123241034	MEMBER
7	SULEIMAN IBRAHIM	M	DADA-WOLOJI	09063155976	MEMBER
8	SABASTINE ZUBAIRU	M	WAFAT'ATI	09061183029	MEMBER
9	MICHAEL GWAYANI	M	MULLAH	07035581183	MEMBER
10	DORIS MOSES	F	MULLAH	07036986854	MEMBER
11	FRANK NDABATHU	M	KWAKWAA	08067949872	PRO 2
12	AHMED ADAMU	M	JABBA JABBA- HYEMA	07018370063	SECRETARY
13	SHARON INNOCENT	F	GARARI	07066927593	ASS. SECRETARY

14	FAHAD YAUBA	M	GARARI	08142327609	MEMBER
15	RITA BULUS	F	ZHIR	08105793262	MEMBER
16	NUHU IBRAHIM	M	ZHIR	09033877804	MEMBER
17	KATSALA YERIMA ELIJAH	M	LUGGA	08163494748	MEMBER
18	ORPAH TITUS	F	LUGGA	08136087963	MEMBER
19	EMMANUEL SAMUEL	M	MOMBOL	08062107032	MEMBER
20	ELIZABETH MAIGADA	F	MOMBOL	08141384744	MEMBER
21	KUSUNIHVEL BENSON	F	MOMBOL	07037883772	MEMBER
22	IBRAHIM WILBERFORCE	M	MOMBOL	09033065001	PRO 1
23	SUSUTI ELKANAH	F	DILWACHIRA	09078559224	VICE- CHAIRPERSON
24	ALIM ISA	M	DILWACHIRA	08128031435	PRO 3

Source: Hoshierizum CDP Session, 2021



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APPENDIX

